

Molar Mass Notes

- what is a mole?
 - unit of measurement
 - the unit for moles = grams/mol
- *(g/mol)*

★ Avagadro's # - aka the mole

= 6.02×10^{23} ?

• 6.02×10^{23} particles (part)
atoms

formula units (f.u.) - compounds
molecules

★ Constant = the # never changes!
- just like 1 dozen = 12

★ Molar Mass - the mass of 1 mole of any pure substance

(ex: Cl_2 , NaCl, NOT $NaCl \cdot H_2O$)

★ - Molar Mass of Elements (g/mol)

equals the atomic mass # of the element

- ex: Molar Mass of Carbon? = 12.011 g/mol

6
C
12.011

↑
atomic mass

★ - Molar Mass of Compounds (g/mol)

equals the sum of molar masses of all elements that make up the compound

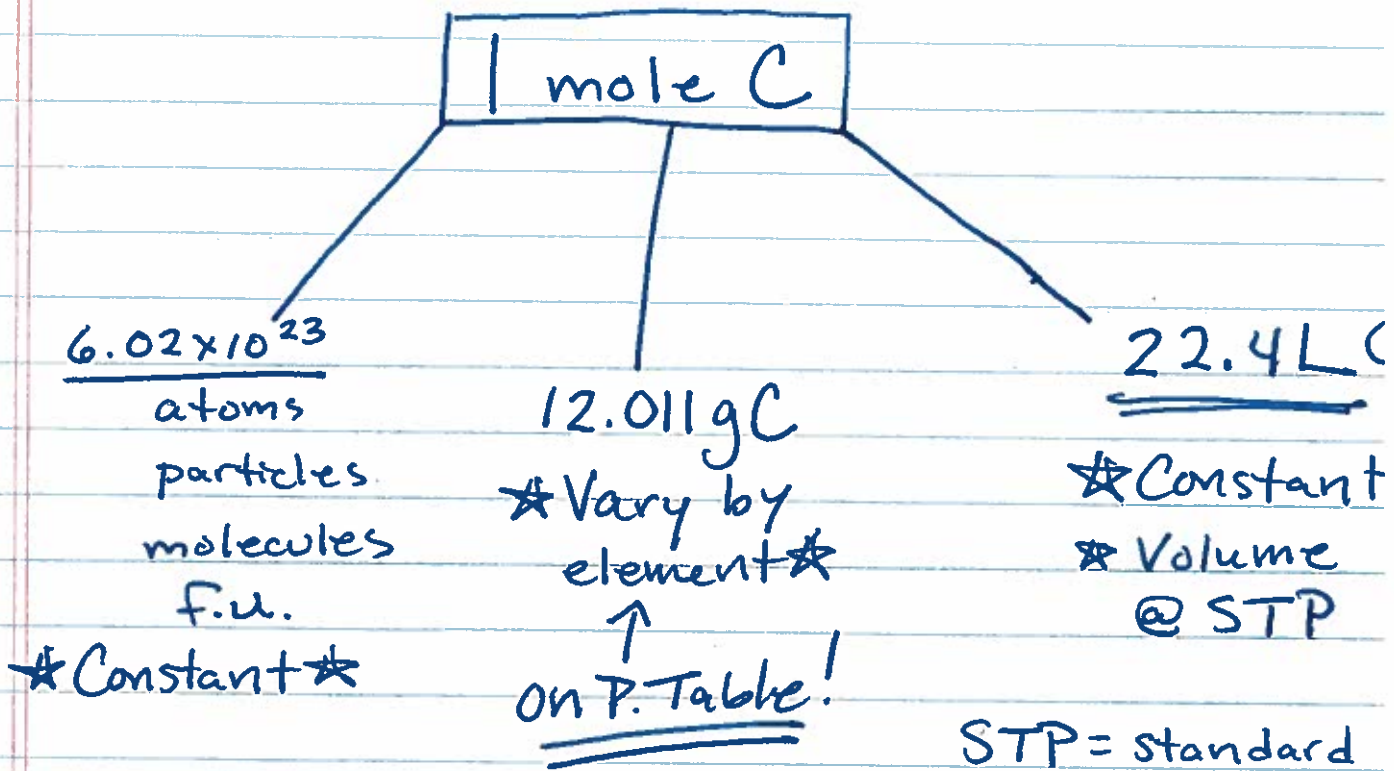
- ex: NaCl DO NOT Round!

$22.990 + 35.453 = 58.443 \text{ g/mol NaCl}$

11
Na
22.990

17
Cl
35.453

2



STP = standard temp & pressure

EX: Neon

1 mol = 6.02×10^{23} f.u. Ne

1 mol = 22.4 L Ne

1 mol = 20.179 g Ne ★ Vary ★

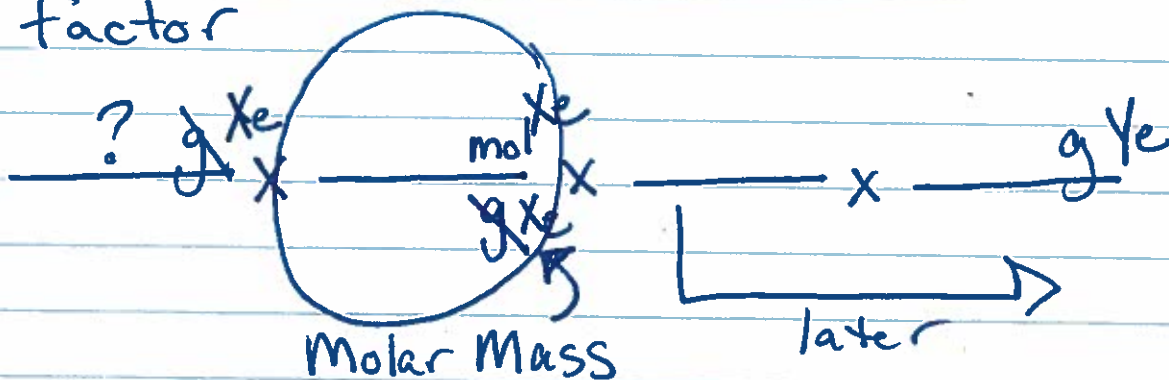
★ Be careful of diatoms ★

1 mol O = 15.999 g O
 * * *

1 mol O₂ = 31.998 g O₂
 * * *

$15.999 \times 2 = 31.998 \text{ g}$

- Molar Mass is used as a conversion factor



Ex's & Rules

Rules

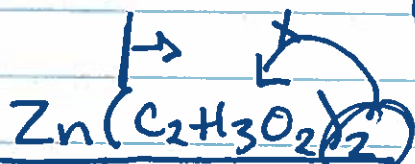
- 1st - list elements
- 2nd - look @ p. table & get mass # for each element
- 3rd - multiply by the # of each element
- 4th - Add up #'s for a total g/mol for a compound
- 5th - Do NOT round!



NaBr

Na		22.99 x 1 =	22.99
Br		79.904 x 1 =	79.904

102.894 g/mol NaBr



Zn		65.39 x 1 =	65.39
C		12.011 x 4 =	48.044
H		1.008 x 6 =	6.048
O		15.999 x 4 =	63.996

183.478 g/mol Zn(C₂H₃O₂)₂

- How to get $g \rightarrow \text{mol}$ & $\text{mol} \rightarrow g$?

Rules

- 1st - set up conversion factors (trades)
- 2nd - plug in #'s (molar mass - g/mol)
- 3rd - X across top then \div by #'s bottom

★ Start
w/ grams
★

$$\frac{\text{Known \# } gC}{1} \times \frac{1 \text{ mol C}}{12.011 gC} = \text{_____ mol C}$$

changes!

★ Start
w/ moles
★

$$\frac{\text{Known \# } \text{mol C}}{1} \times \frac{12.011 gC}{1 \text{ mol C}} = \text{_____ gC}$$

Ex:

NaCl

$$\text{Na} \quad 22.990 \times 1 = 22.990$$

$$\text{Cl} \quad 35.453 \times 1 = 35.453$$

$$\underline{58.443 \text{ g/mol NaCl}}$$

? $3.54 \text{ g NaCl} = ? \text{ mol NaCl}$

$$\frac{3.54 \text{ g NaCl}}{1} \times \frac{1 \text{ mol}}{58.443 \text{ g}} = \frac{3.54}{58.443} = \boxed{0.61 \text{ mol NaCl}}$$

$g \rightarrow \text{mol}$ & $\text{mol} \rightarrow g$ ex's

• NaCl

NaCl	
Na	22.990 x 1
Cl	35.453 x 1
<hr/>	
58.443 g/mol	

• 7.56 g NaCl = ? mol NaCl

$$\frac{7.56 \text{ g NaCl}}{1} \times \frac{1 \text{ mol NaCl}}{58.443 \text{ g NaCl}} = \underline{0.129 \text{ mol NaCl}}$$

• 2.7 mol NaCl = ? g NaCl

$$\frac{2.7 \text{ mol NaCl}}{1} \times \frac{58.443 \text{ g NaCl}}{1 \text{ mol NaCl}} = \underline{157.796 \text{ g NaCl}}$$

• Ca(NO₃)₂

Ca(NO ₃) ₂	
Ca	40.078 x 1 = 40.078
N	14.007 x 2 = 28.014
O	15.999 x 6 = 95.994

• 3.87 g Ca(NO₃)₂ = ? mol Ca(NO₃)₂ 164.086 g/mol

$$\frac{3.87 \text{ g Ca(NO}_3)_2}{1} \times \frac{1 \text{ mol}}{164.086 \text{ g}} = \underline{0.024 \text{ mol Ca(NO}_3)_2}$$

• 10.2 mol Ca(NO₃)₂ = ? g Ca(NO₃)₂

$$\frac{10.2 \text{ mol}}{1} \times \frac{164.086 \text{ g}}{1 \text{ mol}} = \underline{1673.677 \text{ g Ca(NO}_3)_2}$$